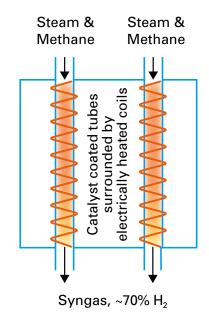
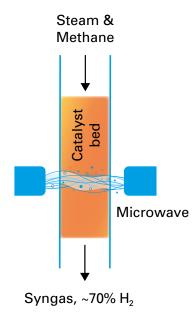
Methane

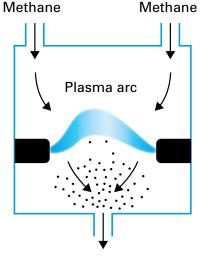
sbh4 consulting

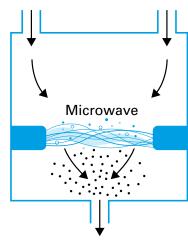
Notes:

- Combustion-heated SMR is an alternative to electrical heating
- Thermal or catalytic methane pyrolysis are alternatives
- Electrolysis is an alternative electrically powered pathway to produce hydrogen from water (AEC, AEM, PEM, SOE) or syngas from steam and carbon dioxide (SOE)
- Microwave plasma would be an alternative to dielectric microwave heating and would allow lower exit gas temperature









Methane

~95% H₂, unreacted methane and carbon black powder

~95% H₂, unreacted methane and carbon black powder

۲	rc) C	e	SS	

Carbon feedstock

Target chemical reactions
Additional side reactions
Carbon produced as
Hydrogen content in
product gas
Product gas pressure
Product gas temperature

Electrical Catalytic Steam Methane Reforming (eSMR)

Natural gas, refinery gas, naphtha or biomethane $CH_4 + H_2O \rightarrow CO + 3H_2$ $CO + H_2O \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2$ $CO \text{ and } CO_2$ ~70% 10 to 40 bar ~850 °C

Dielectric Microwave Catalytic Steam Methane Reforming (µSMR)

Methane from natural gas or biomethane $CH_4 + H_2O \rightarrow CO + 3H_2$ $CO + H_2O \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2$ CO and $CO_2 \sim 70\%$ 10 to 40 bar 500 °C to 850 °C

Plasma Pyrolysis of Methane (Methane Cracking, Methane Splitting)

Methane from natural gas

 $CH_4 \rightarrow C + 2H_2$ $2CH_4 \rightarrow C_2H_2 + 3H_2$ Carbon black powder ~95%

Close to atmospheric pressure 1500 to 2000 °C

Microwave Plasma Pyrolysis of Methane (Methane Cracking, Methane Splitting)

Methane from natural gas or biomethane $CH_4 \rightarrow C + 2H_2$ $2CH_4 \rightarrow C_2H_2 + 3H_2$ Carbon black powder ~95%

Close to atmospheric pressure 1200 to 1500 °C